

APC/AST 523 Problem Set 1

Due Wed. Oct. 12, 2011

Problem 1

You are provided with a program to perform matrix multiplication called `AST523_mmulti`. As its input, the program takes three integers, which are the number of rows in matrix A, the number of columns in matrix A, and the number of columns in matrix B. The matrix multiplication is represented as $A*B=C$, and the number of rows in B is by definition equal to the number of columns in A. The matrices A and B are initialized according to the routine `sin_init` in `AST523_matrix_funcs.c`, and the program returns the maximum value in matrix C along with the row and column number.

Use “make” to compile the program. Your first order of business is to check the program for memory leaks using `valgrind` (or whichever tool you prefer). In order for `valgrind` to work, the `-g` flag should be set in the makefile. If `valgrind` finds memory leaks, fix them. Note the `-pg` flag should be turned off when running `valgrind`, or `valgrind` may give strange results.

You are now asked to profile the program using `gprof` (or the tool of your choice). For `gprof`, the compiler and linker flags `-pg` should be set. Run the program with the input: “./AST523_mmulti 1000 1000 1000”. The program may take a few seconds to run. Record the output of `gprof`; in particular take note of how long the program took to run and which routine took the most time. Now turn on the compiler optimization to `-O1`, then to `-O2`, and `-O3`. How much of a speedup do you get between `-O0` and `-O2`?

Keep the flag set to `-O2`. The routine `matrix_multiply` in is not written in an optimal way. Optimize this routine, aiming for a factor of at least several in speedup. How were you able to achieve the speedup?

Finally, create a new file called `AST523_matrix_funcs.omp.c` in which you parallelize the routines in `AST523_matrix_funcs.c` using OpenMP. Compile with `-fopenmp` in the Makefile and run your program. How much of a speedup are you able to get using the maximum number of processors available to you? Note: `valgrind` may give strange results, so for timing you can either use a profiler that works with OpenMP or the functions in the `time.h` library.

Submit the modified `AST523_matrix_funcs.c` routine, the `AST523_matrix_funcs.omp.c`, and a text file called `AST523_mmulti.txt` describing what you did along each step of the way. *Do not modify the signature of any of the functions in `AST523_matrix_funcs.c`.* This means all of your modifications must conform to the definitions in `AST523_mmulti.h`.

Problem 2

In this problem you are asked to numerically evaluate the harmonic series

$$H_n = \sum_{k=0}^n k^{-1}. \quad (1)$$

The makefile generates a program called `AST523_hseries`, which evaluates the harmonic series shown above. As its input, `AST523_hseries` takes two arguments, which are an integer n , the upper limit of the summation, and a floating point number, $H_{n,e}$, which is the exact value of the harmonic series. As its output, `AST523_hseries` prints

$$\text{abs}(H_{n,e} - H_{n,c}), \quad (2)$$

which is the error between the exact value of the harmonic series and the computed value, $H_{n,c}$. An example call to `AST523_hseries` with $n = 16$ and $H_{n,e} = 3.380728993$ looks like `./AST523_hseries 16 3.380728993`.

The table below provides some values of $H_{n,e}$ to ten digits for various values of n along with the error from the program. Try it for yourself! Don't worry too much if you don't get exactly the same values of the error.

n	$H_{n,e}$	Error
$2^0 = 1$	1	0.
$2^4 = 16$	3.380728993	3.30×10^{-8}
$2^8 = 256$	6.124344963	8.17×10^{-7}
$2^{12} = 4096$	8.895103897	4.33×10^{-6}
$2^{16} = 65536$	11.66757818	1.50×10^{-4}
$2^{20} = 1048576$	14.44015975	3.65×10^{-2}
$2^{24} = 16777216$	17.21274803	1.81

Your first task is to diagnose the source of the error and to explain why it becomes of order unity around $n = 2^{24}$; a rough explanation is fine. Your second task is to reduce the error to $< 10^{-5}$ for $n = 2^{24}$. You are allowed to define your own variables and to modify the program as you wish, but *use only floats* in the evaluation of the harmonic series. Don't worry about optimization, but your program should not take more than a few seconds to run. Also, don't modify the input or output of `AST523_hseries`.

Submit the modified `AST523_hseries.c` file together with a file called `AST523_hseries.txt` in which you explain the cause of the error, why it becomes of order unity around $n = 2^{24}$, and how you were able to reduce it.